## Determination of the Polarization of the Decay Positrons in Polarized Muon Decay

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In the standard model of electroweak interactions in the positrons from the decay of polarized positive muons are mainly longitudinally polarized. The measurement of the two transverse polarization components  $P_{T_1}$ , which lies in the plane spanned by muon-spin and positron momentum, and  $P_{T_2}$ , which is perpendicular to this plane, is a sensitive tool to look for contributions from additional, exotic interactions.

The energy dependence of the transverse polarization components yields the Michel parameters  $\eta$ ,  $\eta''$ ,  $\alpha'/A$  and  $\beta'/A$ . The low energy parameter  $\eta$  can be used to derive an improved model-independent value of the Fermi coupling constant. A non-zero value of  $P_{T2}$  would be the first observation of time reversal violation in a purely leptonic decay.

The  $\mu P_T$  experiment at the Paul Scherrer Institute is the first experiment to measure all three positron polarization components,  $P_{T_1}$ ,  $P_{T_2}$ , and the longitudinal polarization component  $P_L$ , simultaneously.

The first results evaluated on a basis of GEANT with full spin-dependence implemented will be presented. Descriptions of the new methods applied will be given along with preliminary results.